



# **Biotechnological -Mikrobiyal Products** **R&D Project**

**Feb, 2021 Houston, TX, USA**

# **Aim: Organic & Microbial input For Sustainable World**



# APPLICATION OF THE PRODUCTS



## General List of The Products



# **A. AGRICULTURE**

**1- ORGANIC MICROBIAL BIO- FERTILIZERS**

**2- ORGANIC MICROBIAL BIO- PESTICIDES**

**3- ORGANIC COMPOST PRODUCTION**



## **B. FARM ANIMAL**

- 1- Probiotic For Cow, Sheep, goat, Chicken, Bird, Horse, Camel, and Fish**
- 2- BARN ODOR DESTROYER**
- 3- AQUARIUM CLEANING**
- 4- FISH & SHRIMP POND CLEANING**
- 5- SLAUGHTERHOUSE CLEANING AND ODOR DEGRADATION**



# C-GOLD PRODUCTION INDUSTRY

**Microbial Degradation Of Cyanide**



# D- ENVIROMENT



**1- POLLUTED POND CLEANING and ODOR DEGRADATION.**

**2- MUNICIPIAL and INDUSTRIAL SEWER CLEANING & ODOR DEGRADATION**

**3- MUNICIPIAL SOLID WASTE & ODOR DEGRADATION**

**3- MUNICIPAL AND INDUSTRIAL PIPE PLUGGED MAINTENANCE**



# **E- OIL SPILL CLEANING**

**1- OIL SPILL CLEANING In LAND**

**2- OIL SPILL CLEANING In WATER**





# Brief Description of The Products



## **A.1. WHAT IS MICROBIAL BIO-FERTILIZER?**

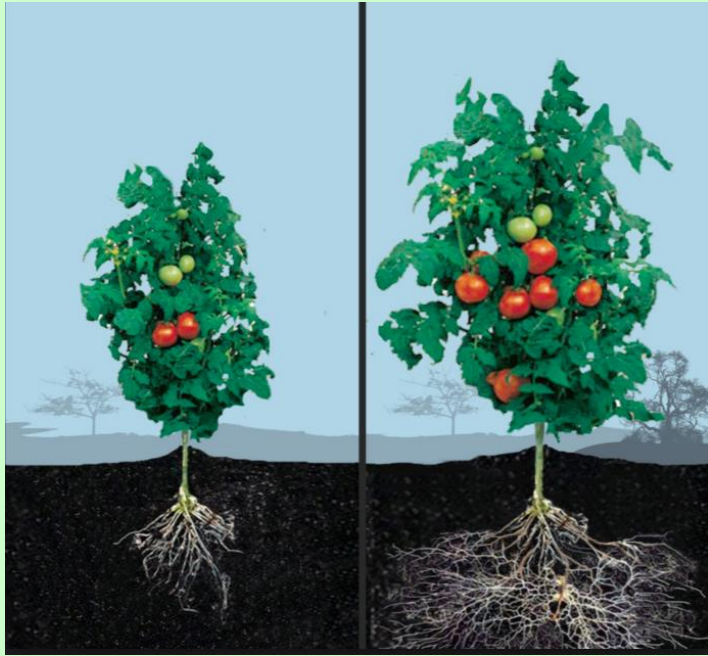
A Bio fertilizer (also bio-fertilizer) is a substance which contains living microorganisms which, when applied to seeds, plant surfaces, or soil, colonizes the rhizosphere or the interior of the plant and promotes growth by increasing the supply or availability of primary nutrients to the host plant.

# **A.1.1. BENEFITS OF BIO-FERTILIZER**

- 1- Cost Effective relative chemical fertilizer**
- 2- Organic & Safe**
- 3- Increases crop yield up to 50%**
- 4- Stimulate plant growth**
- 5- Protection against drought and Salt**
- 6- Protection against soil born disease**
- 7- Replaces chemical nitrogen and phosphorus by 25%**
- 8- Microbial Function is in Long duration**
- 9- Increases Seed Germination Ratio & Protects spoilage**
- 10- Degrading of harmful pesticide in Soil**

## **A.1.2. FUNCTIONAL GROUPS OF MICROORGANISM**

- 1- Nitrogen Fixing**
- 2- Phosphate Solubilizing**
- 3- Potassium Solubilizing**
- 4- Cellulose Degrading**
- 5- Iron Solubilizing**
- 6- Growth Hormone Producing**
- 7- Zinc Solubilizing**
- 8- Protein Degrading**
- 9- Oil Degrading**
- 10- Nutrient Absorbent**



## **A.2.1. WHAT IS BIO-PESTICIDE**

**All the living organism which are cultivated in the laboratory on large scale and are used and exploited experimentally for the control of harmful organism given below.**

- 1- Pathogen Fungi**
- 2- Pathogen Insect**
- 3- Pathogen Nematode**
- 4- Pathogen Bacteria**

## **A.2.2. Advantages of Bio-Pesticide**

- 1- No harmful residues detected**
- 2- Cheaper than chemical pesticides when locally produced.**
- 3- More effective than chemical pesticides in the long-term**
- 4- Biodegradable**





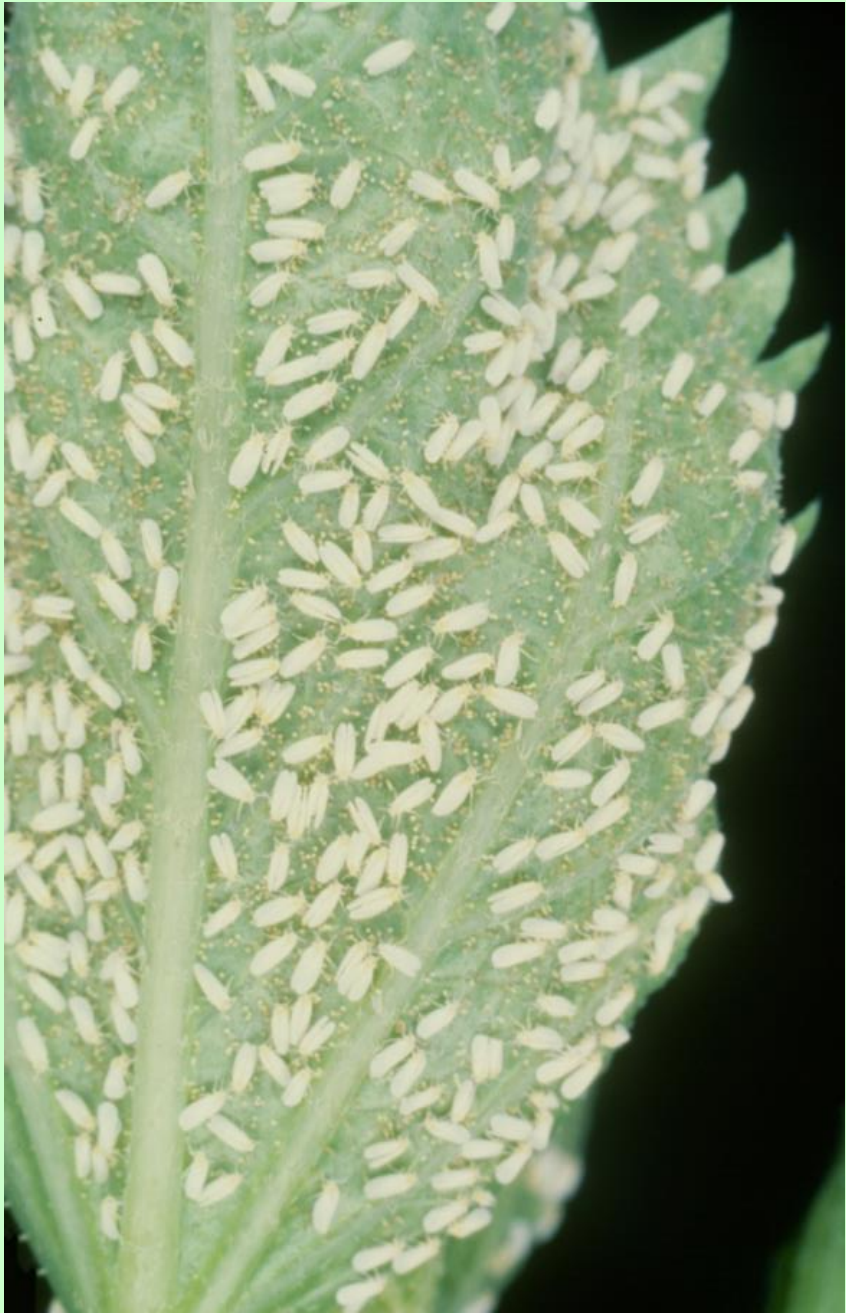
## Nematode in Root











## A.3. ORGANIC COMPOST PRODUCTION



**LEAF & MANURE COMPOST  
PRODUCTION**



## **A.3.1 Advantages Of Using Microorganism**

**1- Enrich with agricultural microorganism to promote plant growth.**

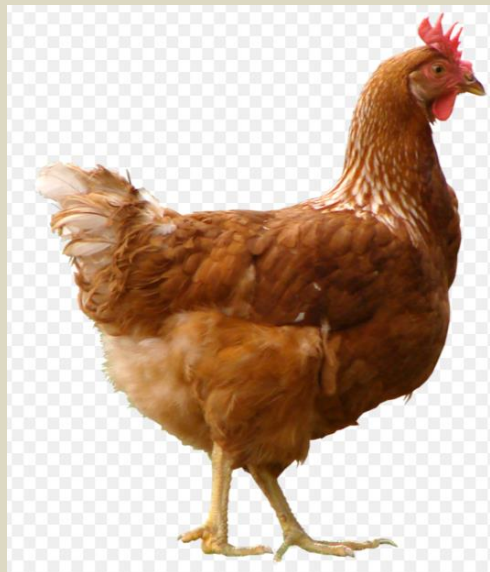
**2- Time consuming. Saving time.**

**3- Compost quality.**

**4- Decrease pathogenic microorganism.**

**5- Eliminate its odor.**

# B.1. Probiotics For Animals



## **B.1.1. WHAT IS PROBIOTICS?**

**Probiotics are live bacteria and yeasts that are good for health, especially vertebrates' digestive system.**

**We usually think of bacteria as something that causes diseases.**

**But the body is full of bacteria, both good and bad.**

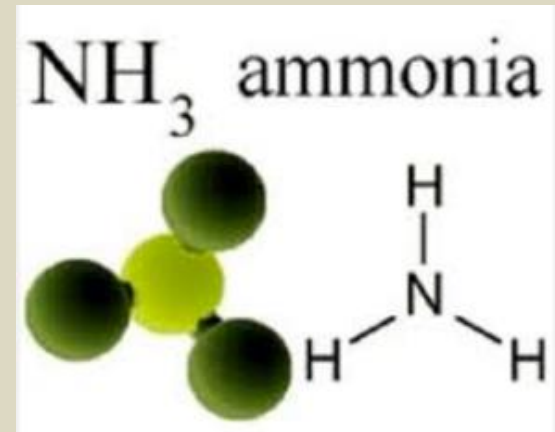
**Probiotics are often called "good" or "helpful" bacteria because they help keep your gut healthy.**



## **B.1.2. Benefits of Probiotics**

- 1-Aid digestion and modulate the immune system and make health animals.**
- 2- Probiotics produce short-chain fatty acids, which inhibit the growth and activity of harmful bacteria, such as E. coli, Salmonella, and Clostridium**
- 3-Reduce the time for acute diarrhea,**
- 4- Increased growth and feed efficiency.**
- 6- Decrease cost of disease management.**

# B.2. Elimination of Barn Odor



## **B.2.1 Elimination of Barn Odor**

**What is that smell ?**

**Because of ammonia drive from urine and sulfide because of metabolite of protein. Both of them causes bad smells in barn.**

## **B.2.2. Benefits of Odor Degradar**

- 1-Convert toxic ammonia in to nitrate and hydrogen sulphide into sulphate, it helps to eliminate odor.**
- 2- Odor affects animal lung and causes lung problem. Because of odor degrader, animal become healthy.**

## B.3. Aquarium Cleaning By Microorganism

**Before:**



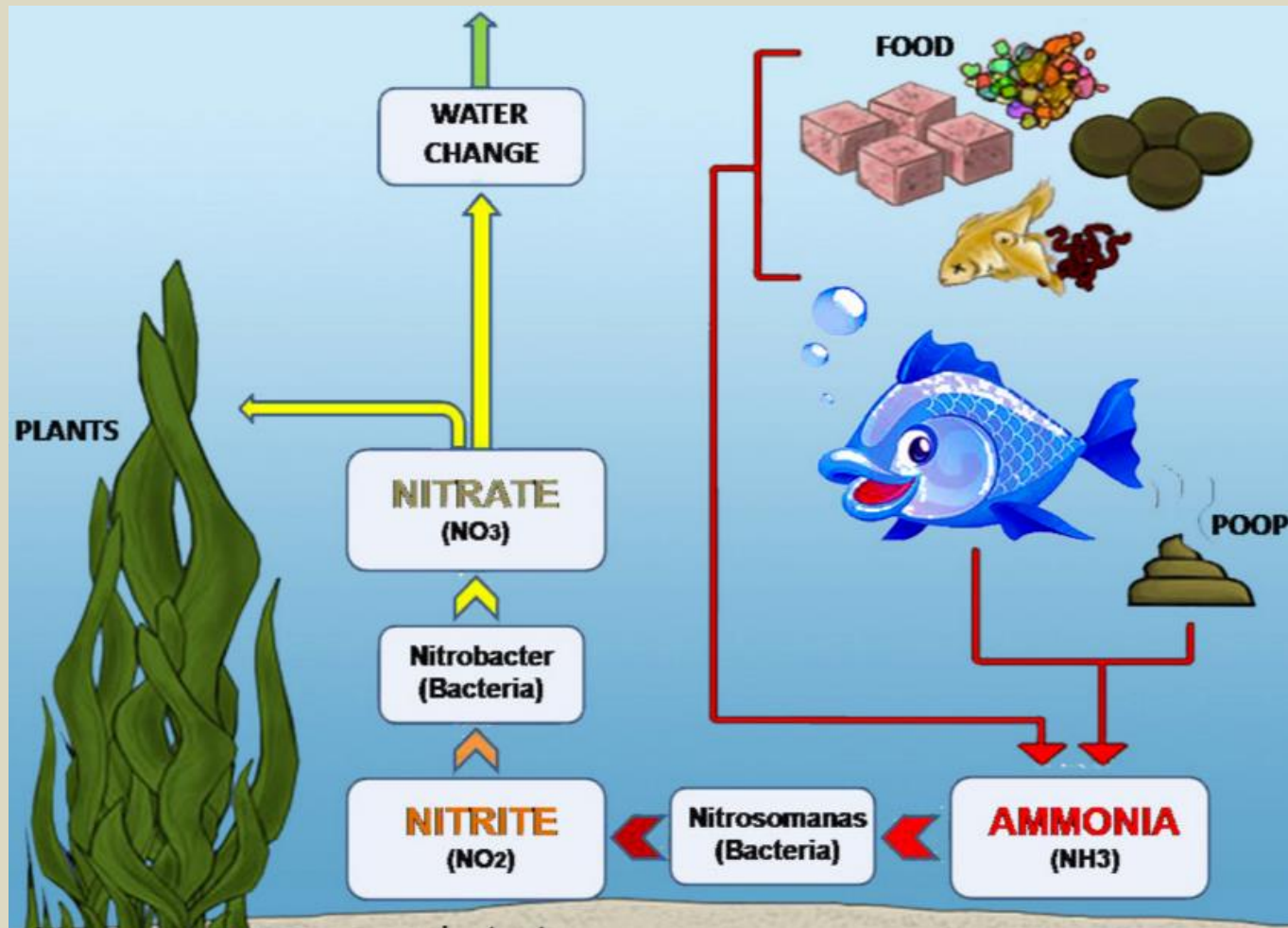
**After:**



## **B.3.1 What is reason of dirt in Aquarium an Pond?**

**Ammonia, Sulfide derived from  
animal waste and organic material  
causes pollution in water.**

## B.3.2 Pollution in Aquarium and Pond





## **B.3.3. Mechanism of Cleaning**

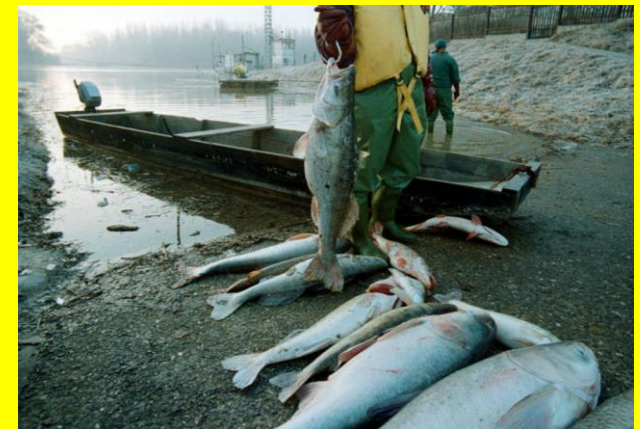
**Convert toxic ammonia in to nitrate and hydrogen sulphide into sulphate, it helps to eliminate odor and clean aquarium and ponds.**

## B.4. Cleaning Dirty Fish Farming Water



# C. GOLD PRODUCTION INDUSTRY

## Microbial Degradation Of Cyanide



## **C.1 Gold Mining Cyanide Use**

**Gold cyanidation (also known as the cyanide process) is for extracting gold from low-grade ore by converting the gold to a water-soluble coordination complex. It is the most commonly used process for gold extraction.**

## **C.2. Cyanide Toxicity**

**Cyanide is highly toxic for most living organisms because it forms very stable complexes with transition metals that are essential for protein function, i.e., iron.**

## **C.3.Microbiologic Degradation Of Cyanide**

**There are thousands of areas in the U.S.A. and Europe contaminated with cyanide-containing wastes as a consequence of a large number of industrial activities such as gold mining, steel and aluminum manufacturing, electroplating and nitrile pesticides used in agriculture.**

**Chemical treatments to remove cyanide are expensive and generate other toxic products. By contrast, cyanide biodegradation constitutes an appropriate alternative treatment.**

## **C.4. Advantages of Biodegradation**

**1- Cheap**

**2- Easy**

**3- Safe Metabolite**

**4- Environment Friendly**





# **D.1. POLLUTED POND CLEANING and ODOR DEGRADATION.**



## **D.2. MUNICIPIAL and INDUSTRIAL SEWER CLEANING & ODOR DEGRADATION**



## **D.3. MUNICIPIAL SOLID WASTE & ODOR DEGRADATION**





## D.4. Municipal and Industrial Pipe Plugged Maintenance



## E.1. OIL SPILL CLEANING IN LAND



## E.2- OIL SPILL CLEANING IN WATER









# **WE HAVE A LONG RESEARCH RESULT**

## **MICROBIAL-MICROORGANISM BACTERIAS**

**(ALL EXPERIMENTALLY PROVEN)**

**1-Phosphate Remover Bacteria:**

**2-Potassium-Solving Bacteria:**

**3- Nitrogen Fixing bacteria:**

**4-Zinc Remover Bacteria:**

**5-Iron, Soluble Bacteria:**

**6- Cellulose Shredders: Hummus maker:**

**7-Protein Shredders: Hummus maker:**

**8- Phytic Acid disintegrants.**

**9-Oil Shredders:**

**11-Harmful Nematode Worms killing Nematicide Bacteria**

**12- Harmful Mushroom-killing Fungicide Bacteria**

**13-Harmful Bacteria killing: Bactericide**

**14- Bacteria producing Plant Hormone IAA, GA:**

# THE PRODUCTS WE ARE PLANNED TO MANUFACTURE

- 1. PRODUCT:** MICROBIAL GUBRE (GENERAL-INCLUDING ALL)
- 2.PRODUCT:** PLANT COCKES GROWING (IAA, GA PRODUCING) GROUP
- 3.PRODUCT:** NEMATOCIDE (NEMATOD OLDUREN)  
BACTERIA GROUP: BEFORE CULTIVATION CLEANING
- 4. PRODUCT:** FUNGICIDE (MUSHROOMEN) BACTERIA  
GROUP CULTIVATION BEFORE CLEANING
- 5. PRODUCT:** INSECTICIDE: INSECTICIDAL GROUP
- 6. PRODUCT :** COMPOST PRODUCING FERTILIZER GROUP

# **NEW ORGANISMS TO BE ADDED**

**PLANT GROWTH PROMOTING & P  
solubilizing RHIZOBACTERIA**

**Pseudomonas fluorescens**

**Pseudomonas putida.**

**Pseudomonas alcaligenes.**

**Pseudomonas striata.**

# **PHOSPHATE MOBILIZER BIOFERTILIZER**

## **1- ENDOMYCORHIZAE**

**Glomus sp., Gigaspora sp.,  
Acaulosporasp., Sclerocystis sp.  
Scutellospora sp.**

## **2-ECTOMYCORHIZAE**

**Laccaria sp. Pisolithus sp. Boletus sp.  
Amanita sp. Rhizopogon sp., Scleroderma  
sp.**

# **N<sub>2</sub> FIXING BIOFERTILIZER**

## **FREE LIVING**

**Azotobacter chroococcum.**

**Azotobacter vinelandii (Dolven) 12837 atcc.**

**Azotobacter brasilense**

**, Anabaena, Nostoc. Oscillatoria**

**Rhodospseudomonas palustris**

## **SYMBIOTIC**

**Rhizobium, Frankia, Anabaena azollae.**

**Rhizobium leguminisarum.**

**Bradyrhizobium japonicum. Soybean.**

**Rhizobium meliloti Alfalfa**

## **ASSOCIATIVE SYMBIOTIC**

**Azospirillum lipoferum**

**Azospirillum brasilense Dolven**

**Acetobacter diazotrophicus.**



# BIOINSECTICIDE

***Paecilomyces fumosoroseus***.(Aphids &Whiteflies)

***Chromobacterium subtsugae***( Whiteflies, Sting bug, Cucumber beetle,  
Diamond back bug)

***Metarhizium anisopliae***( Cockroach, Drywood Termite,Tick,Beetles group.)

***Beauveria bassiana*** (Whiteflies, Soft bodies insrct, mites, thrips.

***Trichoderma harzianum***-***Trichoderma atrovride***.

***Trichoderma loongii***-

***Trichoderma viride***

***Trichoderma longibranchiatum***

***Trichoderma reesei***

***Paecilomyces lilacinus***. Nematodocide

***Isaria fumosorosea***

***Verticillium lecanii***

***Ampelomyces quisqualis***.

***Streptomyces lydicus***

***Chaetomium cupreum***.

# PHOSPHATE SOLUBILIZING FUNGI BIOFERTILIZER

*Aspergillus awamorii*

*Penicillium bilaii*. (Dolvet)

*Torulospora globosa*. YEAST

*Aspergillus oryzae*.

# PHOSPHATE SOLUBILIZING BACTERIA BIOFERTILIZER

*Pseudomonas PUTIDA*

*Pseudomonas STRIATA*

*Pseudomonas FLUORESCENS*. Biofungicide.

## **SULPHUR SOLUBILIZING BIOFERTILIZER**

**Thiobacillus thiooxidans**

## **Mn SOLUBILIZING FUNGI BIOFERTILIZER**

**Penicillium citrinum.**

## **ZINC MOBILIZING BACTERIAL BIOFERTILIZER**

**Gluconobacter oxidans**

**Pseudomonas gessardii**

**Thiobacillus thiooxidans**

## **POTASH MOBILIZING BACTERIAL BIOFERTILIZER**

**Frateriella aurantia**

# Usage of Mycorrhizal fungi in vegetation-mats-production for extensiv roof greening



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Schnega 02.12.2014





# Use of mycorrhizal fungi at NIRA GmbH & Co. KG

- 2006 tried the first time in Sods and Sedum-mats production

**Main-question: Impact on Sedum and sods?**





No visual differenz between Method 1 and 2

- Visual effect on following Sedum species:
  - *S. spurium*
  - *S. kamtschatikum*
  - *S. lydium*
  - *S. reflexum*

# 1. Spreading Mycorrhiza on the already arranged field



- Usage of a gritter
  - labor-extensive
  - exact amount  
(100ml/m<sup>2</sup>)

# Production Stages Sedum-mats

- Outdoor production
- Carrier
- Substrate (xeroterr)
- Sedum-shoots





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## Production

- Sods since 1972 (2014: 130 ha)
- Vegetation-mats since 1982 (2014: 30 ha)
- 15 employees



# Niedersächsische Rasenkulturen

## NIRA GmbH & Co. KG

- Located in the North-West of Germany





# Usage of Mycorrhizal fungi in vegetation-mats-production for extensiv roof greening



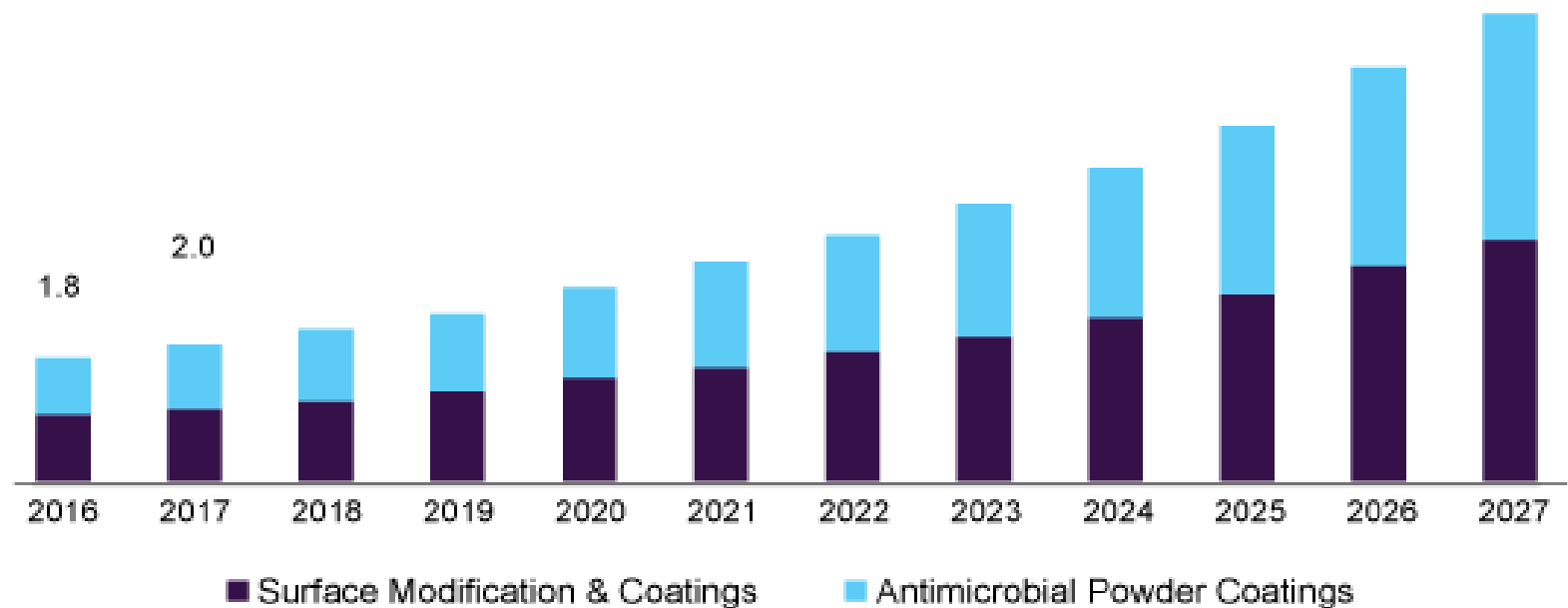
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**NIRA**

The global antimicrobial coatings market size was valued at **USD 7.1 billion in 2019** and is expected to grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of **12.8% from 2020 to 2027. .**

U.S. antimicrobial coatings market size, by product,  
2016 - 2027 (USD Billion)



# Sample Facilities



- <https://www.biositechnology.com/>



<https://microbelifehydro.com/>





# **This is Deal Organic & Microbial input For Sustainable World**

**Would you like to be a support,  
investor, investment partner for this  
project?**

**Contact:**[enis@investorconnectus.com](mailto:enis@investorconnectus.com)